### M. Tech. (Power System)

### Teaching Scheme of M. Tech.-I (Semester I & II)

### SEMESTER - I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	Computer Aided Power System Analysis	ELPS101	3-0-2	04
2	Power System Protection	ELPS102	3-0-2	04
3	Power Electronics	ELPS103	3-0-2	04
4	Restructuring in Power Systems	ELPS104	3-0-0	03
5	Core Elective-1	ELPS1XX	3-0-0	03
6	Core Elective-2	ELPS1XX	3-0-0	03
		Total	18-0-6=24	21

### Semester - II

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	Power System Dynamics and Control	ELPS201	3-0-2	04
2	High Voltage Engineering & EHV AC Transmission	ELPS202	3-0-2	04
3	Application of Power Electronics in Power Systems	ELPS203	3-0-2	04
4	Renewable Energy Sources	ELPS204	3-0-2	04
5	Core Elective-3	ELPS2XX	3-0-0	03
6	Institute Elective-4	ELPS2XX	3-0-0	03
		Total	18-0-8=26	22

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### M. Tech.-II (Semester III & IV)

### SEMESTER - III

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Code Scheme	
1	Seminar	ELPS301	0-0-4	02
2	Dissertation : Part I	ELPS302	0-0-16	08
		Total	0-0-20	10

### SEMESTER - IV

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit	
1	Dissertation : Part II	ELPS401	0-0-24	12	
		Total	0-0-24=24	12	

(Total Credits: 65)

### **Electives**

### Core Elective-1

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	Digital Signal Processing	ELPS110	3-0-0	03
2	Energy Audit	ELPS111	3-0-0	03
3	Distributed Generation	ELPS112	3-0-0	03
4	Power Quality	ELPS113	3-0-0	03
5	Microcontroller Based System Design	ELPS114	3-0-0	03

**Core Elective-2** 

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	Operation and Analysis of Distribution System	ELPS120	3-0-0	03
2	Power System Transients	ELPS121	3-0-0	03
3	Forecasting and Planning Methods	ELPS122	3-0-0	03
4	Electrical Machines for Renewable Energy Generation	ELPS123	3-0-0	03
5	System Theory	ELPS124	3-0-0	03

**Core Elective-3** 

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	HVDC Transmission	ELPS210	3-0-0	03
2	Insulation Engineering	ELPS211	3-0-0	03
3	Electric Vehicle Technology	ELPS212	3-0-0	03
4	Cryptography and Cyber Security	ELPS213	3-0-0	03
5	Advance Power Converters for Renewable Energy Applications	ELPS214	3-0-0	03

**Institute Elective-4** 

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme	Credit
1	Advanced Optimization Methods	ELPS220	3-0-0	03
2	Advanced Numerical Methods	ELPS221	3-0-0	03
3	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	ELPS222	3-0-0	03
4	Reliability Evaluation of Electrical Systems	ELPS223	3-0-0	03
5	Energy Storage and Management	ELPS224	3-0-0	03

Practical will be in line with the theory topics.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS101: COMPUTER AIDED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To formulate Power flow problems
- CO2 Solving power flow problems by various methods
- CO3 Formulate and solve the optimum power flow problem
- CO4 Analysis of faulted power systems
- CO5 Contingency analysis of power systems with single and multiple contingencies
- CO6 Application of Least Square method for power system state estimation

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### **MATHEMATICAL PRELIMINARIES**

04 Hours

LU Decomposition methods: Crout, Shipley, Dolittle, Sparse matrix computations

#### POWER FLOW ANALYSIS

09 Hours

Power flow problem formulation, Construction of Y-bus matrix including magnetic coupled lines and transformer by various methods: Direct, Primitive matrices, Graph Theory, Near-optimal ordering of bus number, Gauss-Seidel method, Newton-Raphson method, Fast Decoupled method, DC load flow, AC-DC load flow, distribution system load flow.

#### ECONOMIC DISPATCH AND OPTIMUM POWER FLOW

05 Hours

Classical optimization method with and without constraints, Lossless Generation Dispatch, Economic Dispatch including Losses, Optimum Power Flow Formulation and its solution by Gradient and Newton's method.

#### SHORT CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

09 Hours

Thevenin's impedance at bus and between two buses, Modifications to existing Zbus, Zbus algorithm to construct Zbus matrix, Power Invariant transformation, Balanced fault analysis using conventional method and Zbus, Selection circuit breaker, Symmetrical components and sequence networks of various components, Analysis of system with unbalanced faults (LG, LL, LLG) using Zbus matrix, open conductor faults

#### POWER SYSTEM SECURITY AND CONTINGENCY ANALYSIS

08 Hours

Concept of compensating currents for simulation of adding and removing multiple lines, Analysis of single contingencies, Analysis of multiple contingencies, contingency analysis by dc model

#### POWER SYSTEM STATE ESTIMATION

07 Hours

Need for power system state estimation, Least Squares method, Basics of Statistics, Test for Bad data, the structure and formation of Hx, Line only algorithm

**Total Hours: 42** 

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- Power System Analysis by John J. Grainger and William D. Stevenson, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi, Edition 2003
- 2. Power Generation Operation and Control by Allen J. Wood and Bruce F. Wollenberg, John Wiley & Sons Inc, Second Edition
- 3. Power System Analysis by Hadi Saadat, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, Edition 2002
- 4. Power System Analysis and Design by J. Duncan Glover, Mulukutla S. Sarma and Thomas J. Overby, Thomson Corporation, Fourth Edition
- 5. Power System Analysis by Arthur R. Bergen and Vijay Vittal, Pearson Education India, Second Edition
- 6. Computer analysis of power systems by Arrillaga, J and Arnold C.P, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1997
- 7. Computer Techniques in Power System Analysis by Pai M. A., Tata McGraw hill, New Delhi, 2006.
- 8. Computational methods for Electric Power Systems by Mariesa L. Crow, Second Edition, CRC Press

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Solution of Linear Algebric equations using Gauss elimination, Crout's, Dolittle and Shipley method.
- 2. Solution of Linear Electrical circuit by Cut set and Tie set method.
- 3. Generalized program for determing Ybus of given netwrok.
- 4. Generalized program for determing load flow of given network using G-S method.
- 5. Generalized program for determing load flow of given network using N-R method.
- 6. Generalized program for determing load flow of given network using FDLF method.
- 7. Load flow simulation of given network in ETAP.
- 8. Load flow simulation of given network in POWERWORLD.
- 9. Optimum Power Flow using MATPOWER.
- 10. Generalized program for determing Zbus of given netwrok.
- 11. Generalized program for conducting short circuit analysis on given network.
- 12. Short circuit analysis of given network using ETAP, POWERWORLD.
- 13. Generalized program for conducting State-Estimation on given network.

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS102: POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Analyse power system faults for balanced and unbalanced conditions
- CO2 Apply the fundamental principles of protective devices for the protection of various electrical items
- CO3 Describe current and voltage transformers and their impact on protection scheme performance.
- CO4 Identify, apply, and calculate settings for power lines, transformer, generator and bus bar protection schemes.
- CO5 Illustrate the concepts of microprocessor based protective relays and digital relaying algorithms.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### REVIEW OF PRINCIPLES OF POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

05 Hours

General philosophy of protection, Relay terminology, Review of Relay characteristics, Classification of Relays, Relevance of sequence components to relay principles, Digital protection technology overview.

#### INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMER FOR RELAYING

04 Hours

Performance of conventional CT/PT as well as capacitive voltage transformers. Principle of operation of magneto optic CT/ PT. Standards, effect on relaying philosophy.

#### APPARATUS PROTECTION

15 Hours

Protection of generator, motor, transformer, transmission line and bus-bar. Relay co-ordination. Pilot wire protection, Protection of series compensated lines, Load Encroachment function.

#### NETWORK PROTECTION WITH RENEWABLE SOURCES

04 Hours

Fault characteristics of renewable Sources, Protection of distribution and transmission networks in the presence of renewables.

#### PHILOSOPHY OF NUMERICAL RELAYING

14 Hours

Introduction, Anti –aliasing Filters, sampling, Measurements principles using Fourier and other algorithms and its application for implementation of various numerical relays. Algorithms for transmission line, transformer & bus bar protection; out-of-step relaying, Introduction to adaptive relaying & wide area measurements. Synchrophasor technology and its applications to protection

**Total Hours: 42** 

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- Bhuvanesh Oza, N.C. Nair, R.P.Mehta, V.H.Makwana "Power System Protection and Switchgear", Tata Mc Graw Hill. 2010
- 2. Y.G. Paithankar, S.R. Bhide, "Fundamentals of Power System Protection" PHI,2008
- 3. J. Lewis Blackburn, 'Protective Relaying' Marcel Dekker INC. 1997
- 4. Arun G. Phadke, James S. Thorp,"Computer Relaying For Power Systems" John Willey & sons
- 5. Badri Ram, D N Vishwakarma, "Power System Protection and Switchgear', Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2005
- 6. Prof. S. A. Soman,"Web course on Power System Protection" on the website <a href="http://nptel.iitm.ac.in">http://nptel.iitm.ac.in</a>

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To study and simulate the generation of standard impulse voltage using MATLAB Simulink.
- 2. (a) To simulate magnetizing inrush current of 1-phase transformer on MATLAB Simulink.
  - (b) To observe magnetizing inrush current waveform of transformer.
- 3. (a) To study transient by applying sudden short-circuit on 3-phase synchronous generator using MATLAB

#### Simulink.

- (b) To observe the short circuit current by applying sudden short-circuit on 3-phase synchronous generator.
- 4. To study and obtain characteristics of IDMT numerical relay for over & under voltage protection.
- 5. To study the coordination of IDMT relays for the protection of radial feeder.
- 6. To study the concepts of directional relay and its application in parallel feeder protection
- 7. To study different protections of 3-phase induction motor using numerical relay.
- 8. To study different protection schemes of generator protection.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS103: POWER ELECTRONICS 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To understand the concept of Power semiconductor devices and also design magnetic components.
- CO2 To Analyse various types of DC-DC converters.
- CO3 To develop various PWM schemes for inverters.
- CO4 To describe the operation of various line commutated converters.
- CO5 To categorize various multi-level inverters & resonant converters.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### REVIEW OF POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

08 Hours

Review of Power semiconductor devices, Gate and Base drive circuits - Preliminary design considerations, Temperature control of power devices, Heat sink design, and Design of Magnetic components. Introduction to Wide Band gap semiconductor devices (SiC & GaN)

DC-DC CONVERTERS

10 Hours

Buck converter, Boost converter, Buck-Boost converters, CUK converter, Fly-back converter, Forward converter, Push-pull converter, Full bridge and Half bridge converters, Design considerations and comparison.

• INVERTERS 10 Hours

Review of single phase bridge inverters, 3-phase bridge inverters, Pulse width modulated inverters, 1-pulse and multi pulse modulation, Sinusoidal PWM, Space Vector PWM, Reduction of harmonics - Selective Harmonic Elimination Technique.

#### LINE COMMUTATED CONVERTERS

08 Hours

Principle of phase control, Review of single phase converters, 3 phase half and fully controlled converters, 12-pulse converter, Dual converters.

#### INTRODUCTION TO MULTILEVEL AND RESONANT CONVERTERS

06 Hours

Principle and operation of Neutral Point clamped, Flying capacitor and Cascaded H-Bridge inverters. Principle and Operation of Load Resonant, ZCS and ZVS converters.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Rashid, M. H., "Power Electronics Handbook", Elsevier Academic Press, 2001.
- 2. Ned Mohan, Tore M. Undeland and William P. Robbins, "Power Electronics Converters, Applications, and Design", John Willey & Sons, Inc., 2nd Edition, 1995
- 3. Agrawal, J. P., "Power electronic systems: Theory and design" Addison Wesley Longman (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. New Delhi, 2001.
- 4. Rashid, M. H., "Introduction to PSpice Using OrCAD for Circuits and Electronics, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Eastern Economy Edition, Third Edition 2006.
- 5. Joseph Vithayathil, "Power Electronics: Principles and Applications", Mcgraw-Hill, 1995.
- 6. Erickson Robert W., Maksimovic Dragan, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Kluwer Academic Publishers Group (Netherlands), 2001.
- 7. A. Pressman, "Switching Power Supply Design", McGraw-Hill, 1998.

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### SET-I

- 1. Study of MOSFET, IGBT, Thyristor and TRIAC Characteristics.
- 2. Study of single phase controlled rectifiers with R & RL Load.
- 3. Study of single phase SCR full bridge inverter circuit.
- 4. Study of three-phase fully controlled rectifier with R and RL load.
- 5. Study of three-phase SPWM Inverter
- 6. Study of three-phase inverter with 120 and 180 Degree conduction mode.
- 7. Study of single phase IGBT based full bridge inverter circuit
- 8. Study of DC-DC Converters.
- 9. Study of 3-level diode clamped multi-level inverter circuit.
- 10. Study of 12 pulse controlled and uncontrolled rectifier.
- 11. Study of Push-Pull converter.
- 12. Study of Flyback Converter.

#### SET-II

- 1. Simulation of DC-DC converters: (i) Buck Converter, (ii) Boost Converter, and (iii) Buck-Boost converter.
- 2. Simulation of single phase and three-phase controlled rectifiers with different loads.
- 3. Simulation of single phase inverter: (i) Square wave, (ii) Quasi Square wave, (iii) Selective Harmonic Elimination, and (iv) Sine PWM.
- 4. Simulation of three-phase inverter: (i) 120 Degree conduction, (ii) 180 Degree conduction, (iii) Selective Harmonic Elimination, and (iv) Sine PWM.
- 5. Simulation of Multi-pulse converter: (i) 12-pulse, (ii) 18-Pulse and (iii) 24-pulse.
- 6. Simulation of Multi-level inverter: (i) 3-Level and (ii) 5-Level.
- 7. Simulation of CUK Converter, Fly back converter, Push-Pull converter and Forward Converter.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS104: RESTRUCTURING IN POWER SYSTEMS 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 The students would be able to understand the basics and benefits of restructuring and deregulations.
- CO2 The students would be able to evaluate the market scenario and completion in deregulated environment
- CO3 The students would be able to understand the pricing and agreements associated with deregulation policies.
- CO4 The contingency and ancillary service management will be explored for restructured and deregulated system.
- CO5 The impact of availability and unavailability in terms of reliability indices will be explored for power system network.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### DEREGULATION OF THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLY INDUSTRY

06 Hours

Deregulation, Reconfiguring Power systems, unbundling of electric utilities, Background to deregulation and the current situation around the world, benefits from a competitive electricity market, after-effects of deregulation.

#### POWER SYSTEM OPERATION IN COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT

10 Hours

Role of the independent system operator, Operational planning activities of ISO: ISO in Pool markets, ISO in Bilateral markets, Operational planning activities of a GENCO: Genco in Pool and Bilateral markets, market participation issues, competitive bidding.

#### TRANSMISSION OPEN ACCESS AND PRICING ISSUES

08 Hours

Power wheeling, Transmission open access, pricing of power transactions, security management in deregulated environment, and congestion management in deregulation

#### ANCILLARY SERVICES MANAGEMENT

08 Hours

General description of some ancillary services, ancillary services management in various countries, reactive power management in some deregulated electricity markets

#### RELIABILITY AND DEREGULATION

10 Hours

Reliability analysis: interruption criterion, stochastic components, component models, calculation methods, Network model: stochastic networks, series and parallel connections, minimum cut sets, reliability costs, Generation, transmission and distribution reliability, Reliability and deregulation: conflict, reliability analysis, effects on the actual reliability, regulation of the market.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. K. Bhattacharya, MHT Bollen and J.C Doolder, "Operation of Restructured Power Systems", Kluwer Academic Publishers, USA, 2001.
- 2. Lei Lee Lai, "Power System restructuring and deregulation", John Wiley and Sons, UK. 2001.
- 3. Fred I Denny and David E. Dismukes, "Power System Operations and Electricity Markets", CRC Press, LLC, 2002.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS201: POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS AND CONTROL 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 describe the fundamental concept of stability and the characteristics of power system dynamics when subjected to different stresses
- CO2 develop dynamic modelling of power system components for stability studies
- CO3 Investigate stability issues of single and multi-machines systems in power systems
- CO4 Design the controllers to enhance the small signal stability of the power system
- CO5 Interpret different schemes for improving transient stability and voltage stability.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

BASIC CONCEPTS 04 Hours

Power system stability states of operation and system security, system dynamics problems, system model, analysis of steady State stability and transient stability, simplified representation of Excitation control.

#### MODELING OF SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE

06 Hours

synchronous machine, park's Transformation, Analysis of steady state performance, Equivalent Circuits of Synchronous machine, Determination of parameters of equivalent circuit, Transient Analysis of a Synchronous Machine.

• EXCITATION SYSTEM 03 Hours

Excitation System Modeling, Standard Block Diagram, System Representation by State Equations

#### • DYNAMICS OF A SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR CONNECTED TO INFINITE BUS

06 Hours

System Model, Synchronous Machine Model, Application of Model 1.1, Calculation of initial Conditions, System Simulation, Inclusion of SVC Model

#### ANALYSIS OF SINGLE MACHINE SYSTEM

04 Hours

Small Signal Analysis, Application of Routh-Hurwitz Criterion, Small Signal Model

#### APPLICATION OF of POWER SYSTEM STABILIZERS

05 Hours

Basic Concepts of PSS, Control Signals, Structure and tuning of PSS, Field Implementation, PSS Design and Applications, Resent Development and Future Trends

#### MULTI MACHINE SYSTEM

06 Hours

Simplified model, Improved model of the system for linear load, Inclusion of dynamics of load and SVC, Governor and frequency control, Introduction to analysis of large power system. Methods of improving stability.

#### TRANSIENT AND VOLTAGE STABILITY

08 Hours

Definition, Equal area criteria, Numerical integration methods, Transient stability analysis, factors affecting voltage instability and collapse, analysis and comparison of angle and voltage stability, analysis and comparison voltage instability and collapse, control of voltage instability, Implication on power system dynamic performance.

Total Hours: 42

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. K.R.Padiyar, "Powerm System Dynamics Stability and Control", Second Edition, B S Publication, 2008.
- 2. Prabha Kundur, "Power System Stability and, Tata McGraw Hill pub, 2006
- 3. P.M. Anderson, A.A. Fouad,"Power System Control and Stability", Second Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2002.

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To study mathematical modeling of R-L-C and complex electrical circuits using MATLAB.
- 2. To find the eigen values and eigen vectors of R-L-C circuits using state space analysis
- 3. To obtain the free response of a given system and understand the concepts of modes
- 4. To observe variation of rotor angle and to find critical clearing time when fault occurs at:
  - (1) Sending end of the line
  - (2) Mid-point of the line
  - (3) When the fault at mid-point is cleared by removing the faulty line of SMIB system
- 5. To solve the swing equation by applying numerical method.
- 6. To simulate the SMIB system with different loading conditions using model 1.1 in MATLAB.
- 7. To design PSS using classical method for SMIB system.
- 8. To simulate Two area (4 machine, 10 bus) multimachine system using model 1.1

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS202: HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING & EHV AC TRANSMISSION 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To generate and measure High Voltage AC & DC, Impulse voltage & current.
- CO2 To perform Non-destructive testing of insulation
- CO3 To design high voltage laboratory
- CO4 To determine line parameters, voltage gradient, corona loss, Radio noise, Electrostatic field of EHV AC transmission line.
- CO5 To analyse voltage gradient, corona effects, Electrostatic field of EHV AC transmission line.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### GENERATION OF HIGH VOLTAGES

08 Hours

Generation of High DC Voltages: Half Wave and full wave circuits –Ripple voltages in HW and FW rectifiers. Simple and cascade voltage doubler. Crockroft Walton voltage multiplier circuits. Ripple and regulation. Electrostatic machines – principles – Van de Graff generator. Generation of high AC voltages: Cascade transformers, resonant transformers – parallel and series resonant test systems. Generation of high frequency high voltages – Tesla coil. Generation of impulse voltages – Standard impulse wave shape Basic circuits for producing impulse waves – Analysis of commercial impulse generator circuits – Wave shape control, multistage impulse generators – Marx circuit – modified Marx impulse generator circuit – Components of multi stage impulse generator. Generation of Switching surges. Generation of impulse current. Definition of impulse current waveform – Circuit for producing impulse current waves.

#### MEASUREMENTS OF HIGH VOLTAGES & CURRENTS

05 Hours

Measurement of high voltages and currents-DC, AC and impulse voltages and currents-DSO, electrostatic and peak voltmeters, sphere gaps-factors affecting measurements, potential dividers (capacitive and resistive)-series impedance ammeters, rogowski coils, hall effect generators

#### NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING OF INSULATION

07 Hours

Measurement of insulation resistance, polarization index, dielectric constant and loss factor. Partial Discharge Measurement, RI Measurement. HV Testing of various power apparatus, Condition monitoring of Electrical apparatus.

#### DESIGN, PLANNING AND LAYOUT OF HV LABORATORY

02 Hours

Test Facilities, Activities & Studies in HV lab, Classification of hv lab, Size & rating of hv lab, grounding of impulse testing laboratories.

#### INTRODUCTION TO EHV AC TRANSMISSION

01 Hours

Role of EHV AC transmission, standard transmission voltages, Average values of line parameters, power handling capacity and Line loss, surge impedance loading.

#### CALCULATION OF LINE AND GROUND PARAMETERS

05 Hours

Resistance of conductors, Properties of bundle conductors, Inductance of ehv line configuration, Line capacitance calculation, Sequence inductance and capacitance, line parameters for Modes of propagation.

#### VOLTAGE GRADIENTS OF CONDUCTORS

06 Hours

Field of sphere gap & line charges and their properties, charge potential relations for multi conductor lines, surface voltage gradient on conductors, gradient factors and their use, distribution of voltage gradient on sub conductors of bundle

#### CORONA AND ITS EFFECTS

06 Hours

Coronal loss formulas, charge- voltage diagram and corona loss, Audible noise, limits for audible noise, AN measurement and meters, formula for audible noise and use in design, radio interference, limits of radio interference fields, CIGRE formula, measurement of RI, RIV and excitation function.

#### ELECTRO STATIC FIELDS

02 Hours

Calculation of Electrostatic Field of AC Lines, Effect of High E.S. Field on Humans, Animals, and Plants

**Total Hours: 42** 

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. M.S.Naidu, V. Kamaraju, "High voltage Engineering", TMH, 4th edition, 2008.
- 2. Begamudre, "EHV AC Transmission engineering", Wiley Easter Ltd. 4th Ed, 2011.
- 3. E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel, "High voltage Engineering Fundamentals", Newnes, 2nd edition, 2000.
- 4. EPRI, Palo Alto, "Transmission line reference book 345 KV & above".

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### Matlab Based:

- 1. Simulation of half wave and full wave circuit, voltage doubler circuit, voltage multiplier circuit for generation of High DC Voltages.
- 2. Simulation of cascade transformer, resonant transformer, Tesla coil for generation of High AC Voltages
- 3. Simulation of impulse generator for generation of Lightning Impulse Voltage, Switching Impulse Voltage and Impulse Current.
- 4. Simulation of transmission line to determine the sequence inductance and capacitance matrix.
- 5. Simulation of Sphere gap to determine the breakdown voltage of a sphere gap based on air breakdown strength.

#### Laboratory Experiments:

- 6. HV AC breakdown test for the different electrodes systems and the different gap distances.
- 7. Lightning impulse voltage breakdown test for the different electrodes systems and the different gap distances.
- 8. Transformer Oil Test.
- 9. Partial Discharge Measurement using Electrical method for point –plane electrode system.
- 10. SFRA measurement.
- 11. UHF based Partial discharge measurement

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS203: APPLICATION OF POWER ELECTRONICS IN POWER SYSTEMS 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To evaluate compensator requirement for voltage regulation and load compensation
- CO2 To understand transmission line problems and their mitigation
- CO3 To evaluate the effect of shunt controllers on operation of transmission line
- CO4 To evaluate the effect of series controllers on operation of transmission line
- CO5 To evaluate the effect of shunt-series controllers on operation of transmission line
- CO6 To evaluate effectiveness of DVR.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### THEORY OF LOAD COMPENSATION

05 Hours

Requirement and objectives of load compensation, specification of load compensator, voltage regulation, shunt active filter for harmonics and reactive power compensation, relationship between variables in abc, alpha-beta and dq domain..

#### • AC TRANSMISSION LINE AND REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION

09 Hours

Fundamentals of ac power transmission, transmission problems and needs, analysis of uncompensated AC line, Passive reactive power compensation, comparison between series and shunt capacitor compensation, Compensation by STATCOM and SSSC, Generalized equivalent circuit for FACTS controller with their control variables and constraint equations

#### • FACTS CONTROLLERS FOR SHUNT COMPENSATION

08 Hours

Variable Impedance type (SVC) & switching converter type (STATCOM) shunt controllers, their theory, configuration, characteristics, control and applications. Simulations of these controllers in PSCAD/MATLAB.

#### FACTS CONTROLLERS FOR SERIES COMPENSATION

08 Hours

Variable Impedance type (TCSC) & switching converter type (SSSC) series controllers, their theory, configuration, characteristics, control and applications. Simulations of these controllers in PSCAD/MATLAB.

#### UNIFIED POWER FLOW CONTROLLER (UPFC)

06 Hours

Theory, configuration, characteristics, control and applications of UPFC. Simulations of UPFC controllers in PSCAD/MATLAB.

### • DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER (DVR) AND UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER (UPQC) 06 Hours

Theory, configuration, characteristics, control and applications of DVR and UPQC. Simulations of these controllers in PSCAD/MATLAB.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. FACTS controllers for transmission and Distribution system by K. R. Padiyar New Age international Publishers 1st edition -2007.
- 2. Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission by N. G. Hingorani and Laszlo Gyugyi, IEEE Press, New York, 2000.
- 3. Reactive Power Control in Electric Systems by T. J. E. Miller, John Wiley & Sons, 1982
- 4. Flexible ac transmission systems (FACTS) by Song, Y.H. and Allan T. Johns, Institution of Electrical Engineers Press, London, 1999
- 5. Thyristor based FACTS controllers for electrical transmission systems by Mathur R. M. and Verma R. K, IEEE press series on power engineering Wiley IEEE press, 2002.

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To verify calculation of load balancing in MATLAB simulink.
- 2. Verification of long line performance equations using MATLAB simulink.
- 3. Implementation of various PWM methods: SPWM, Selective harmonic elimination, space vector in simulink.
- 4. To verify relationship of variables in various domain such abc, alpha-beta and d-q.
- 5. Simulation of active filter for linear and non-linear loads.
- 6. Simulation of TCR and verify harmonic profile in both single phase and three phase system.
- 7. Simulation of TCSC for various modes.
- 8. Simulation of STATCOM.
- 9. Simulation of SSSC.
- 10. Simulation of UPFC.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS204: RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES 3 0 2 4

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Explain the need of Renewable energy.
- CO2 Analyze the different forms renewable energy sources
- CO3 Explain principle and construction different renewable energy plants
- CO4 Estimate the performance and efficiency of the different renewable energy sources plant.
- CO5 Identify the applications of renewable energy sources
- CO6 Select the appropriate location for harnessing renewable energy

#### 2. SYLLABUS

WIND ENERGY
 10 Hours

Introduction to wind energy – basic principles of wind energy – conversion – power in the wind – maximum power – forces on the blade – wind energy conversion – small producers and large producers – wind data and (qualitative treatment only) energy estimation – site selection consideration – Basic components of wind energy conversion systems – classifications of WECS – advantages and disadvantages of WECS – generating system – scheme of electric generation – generator control - load control – energy storage – applications of wind energy – inter connecting system – environmental aspects – safety systems – prospects.

• SOLAR ENERGY 16 Hours

Solar electric power generation – Principles of solar cells – semiconductor junctions – Conversion efficiency and power output – Photovoltaic system for power generation – Solar cell connecting arrangements – storage batteries – Inverters – applications of solar PV system.

SOLAR THERMAL ENERGY: Introduction, Solar Thermal devices, Solar pond. Solar thermal electric conversion.

#### FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN ENERGY

04 Hours

**FUEL CELLS:** Introduction –Types-Characteristics –Applications **HYDROGEN ENERGY:** Introduction –Production -Characteristics –Storage –Applications

BIOMASS ENERGY
 06 Hours

Introduction to biomass – Biomass conversion classification of biogas plants –Types of Biogas Plants Biogas from plant wastes – Community biogas plants – Materials used for biogas generation – selection of site for biogas plant –Fuel properties of biogas – utilization of biogas – methods of obtaining energy from Biomass Combustion.

#### OTHER SOURCE OF ENERGY

06 Hours

**GEOTHERMAL ENERGY:** Introduction to Geothermal Energy –prime movers for Geothermal Energy conversion – classifications– Applications of Geothermal Energy at different temperatures - Geothermal Energy in India – prospects.

**OCEAN ENERGY**: Introduction – Tidal Energy, Wave Energy, OTEC, Energy conversion to Electrical form - Characteristics – Applications

MICRO HYDROPOWER: Introduction -Types- working- Characteristics -Applications

Total Hours: 42

- 1. S. P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy Principles of thermal collection and storage", TMH, 2008.
- 2. Thomas Ackermann, "Wind Power in Power System", John Willey &Sons, 2005.
- 3. J. Twidell and T. Weir, "Renewable Energy Resources", E & F N Spon Ltd, London, 1999.
- 4. Daniel, Hunt V, "Wind Power A Handbook of WECS", Van Nostrend Co., New York, 1981.
- 5. Gary L. Johnson, "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall Inc., 1985.

#### 4 LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Obtain I-V characteristic of a solar cell solving the single-diode model using Newton Raphson method.
- 2. Observe the I-V and P-V characteristics of a solar cell using solar simulator.
- 3. Obtain I-V and P-V characteristics of PV modules: single module, series connection of PV modules and parallel connection of PV modules.
- 4. Observe the I-V and P-V curve of a silicon solar cell with different light intensities and operating temperatures
- 5. Develop MATLAB simulation model of Perturb & Observe MPPT algorithm for a PV panel connected with DC-DC Boost converter through a resistive load.
- 6. Develop MATLAB simulation model of Incremental conductance MPPT algorithm for a PV panel connected with DC-DC Boost converter through a resistive load.
- 7. Develop MATLAB simulation model of a single-phase grid-connected voltage source inverter (VSI).
- 8. MPPT of a PV fed dc-dc boost converter through varying its duty ratio.
- 9. Observe the d-q domain control of the grid-connected voltage source inverter.
- 10. Develop MATLAB simulation of a wind turbine system
- 11. Learn and compute the characteristics and performance of the wind turbine system on the wind emulator.
- 12. Design of biomass plants
- 13. Design of tidal energy plants
- 14. Study on Fuel cell characteristics and efficiency

M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I	L	T	Р	С
ELPS110: DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING	3	0	0	3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 classify the discrete time signals and systems and analyze the system stability.
- CO2 design optimum structures for realizing IIR and FIR systems.
- CO3 analyse the signals using frequency domain analysis
- CO4 design and implement different types of FIR/IIR filters
- CO5 apply signal processing techniques to real situation problems

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### DISCRETE TIME SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

12 Hours

Classification of discrete time signals and systems, quantization error, stability analysis, correlation, sampling theorem, aliasing, Z-transforms and its application to the analysis of LTI systems, Realization of discrete-time systems: Direct form – I, II, recursive and non-recursive realization.

#### DISCRETE TIME FOURIER TRANSFORM

14 Hours

Definition and properties of DTFT and DFT and their inverses, efficient computation of DFT: FFT algorithms: DIT and DIF, Time-domain aliasing, Application of DFT in linear filtering: Overlap and save, Overlap and add methods.

DIGITAL FILTERS 12 Hours

Concept of filtering, phase and group delays, Design of IIR filters from analog filters (Butterworth and Chebyshev) by impulse invariance and bilinear transformation, Windowing techniques for FIR filter design, Selection of window function based on the specification.

▲ APPLICATIONS OF DSP 04 Hours

Applications of DSP to power electronics/ power system/ Instrumentation.

Total Hours: 42

- 1. Sanjit Mitra, Digital Signal processing, McGraw-Hill Science/Engineering/Math; 3 edition, 2005.
- 2. Proakis-Manolakis, Digital signal Processing, 3rd edition, PHI, 2000.
- 3. Oppenheim-Schetor, Discrete time signal processing, 2nd edition, Prectice Hall, 1997.
- 4. Schaum's outline: Digital Signal Processing, Monson H. Hayes, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Introduction to Digital Signal Processing by Jonny R. Johnson, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS111: ENERGY AUDIT 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Explain the basics of energy audit methodology
- CO2 Classify different energy audit methodologies.
- CO3 analyze various electrical load management techniques
- CO4 Perform the energy audit of motors and lighting systems
- CO5 Asses the energy saving in different buildings
- CO6 Use various software tools for energy audit studies

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### GLOBAL AND INDIAN ENERGY SCENARIOS

6 Hours

Energy Scenario of India, Energy Strategy for the Future, basics of Energy Audit, Equipment required for Energy Audit: Electrical Measurement, Thermal Measurement, Light Measurement, Speed Measurement, Data Logger and Data-Acquisition System.

#### TYPES OF ENERGY AUDITS AND ENERGY-AUDIT METHODOLOGY

12 Hours

Definition of Energy Audit, Energy-Audit Methodology: Audit Preparation, Execution, Reporting. Financial Analysis, Sensitivity Analysis, Project-Financing Options, Energy Monitoring and Targeting.

#### ELECTRICAL-LOAD MANAGEMENT

6 Hours

Electrical Basics, Electrical Load Management, Variable-Frequency Drives, Harmonics and Its Effects, Electricity Tariff for residential and commercial loads, Power Factor, Transmission and Distribution Losses.

#### ENERGY AUDIT OF MOTORS

4 Hours

Parameters Related to Motors, Efficiency of a motor, Energy conservation in motors, BEE Star Rating and Labelling

#### ENERGY AUDIT OF LIGHTING SYSTEMS

6 Hours

Fundamentals of Lighting, Different Lighting Systems, Fixtures (Luminaries), Reflectors, Lenses and Louvers, Lighting Control Systems, Lighting System Audit, Energy-Saving Opportunities

#### ENERGY AUDIT APPLIED TO BUILDINGS

8 Hours

Energy-Saving Measures in New Buildings, Water Audit, Audit Your Home, General Energy-saving Tips Applicable to New as Well as Existing Buildings, Introduction to Computer Software and Formats for Energy Audit.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Sonal Desai, "Handbook of Energy Audit", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 2. K V Sharma & P Venkataseshaiah, "Energy Management and Conservation", 1st Edition, International Publishing House pvt.ltd, 2011.
- 3. Wayne C. Turner, Steve Doty, "Energy Management Handbook", 6th Edition, CRC Press.
- 4. Murphy, W. R., G McKay, "Energy Management", Elsevier, 2007

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS112: Distributed Generation 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the necessity of Distributed Generation in distribution system
CO2	Analyze micro-grids and investigate the different types of interfaces of DGs to microgrid
CO3	Evaluate the impact of integration of Distributed Generation in protection scheme
CO4	Appraise and evaluate the economic impact of DG integration in distribution system
CO5	Evaluate various control aspects of DG in distribution system

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

14 Hours

Gas turbine powered distributed generators, Electric vehicle as a Distributed generator (V2G, G2V), Fuel cell powered distributed generators, renewable resource distributed generators, Energy storage with distributed generators: Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES), capacitor storage, mechanical storage; Flywheels, pumped and compressed fluids, comparison of energy storage system, Hydrogen Technologies, Electric Vehicles.

MICRO GRID 08 Hours

Resources evaluation and needs, dimensioning integration systems, Optimizing integration systems, Integration systems control, Cases of study: multi-generation buildings

#### PLANNING & OPERATION OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

10 Hours

DG planning cost implications of power quality, cost of energy and net present value calculations and implications on power converter design, Power converter topologies and model and specifications for DG applications, Capacitor selection, choice of DC bus voltage, current ripple, capacitor aging and lifetime calculations. Voltage control techniques, reactive power control, Harmonics and power quality issues.

#### PROTECTION IN DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

10 Hours

Introduction, Over current protection, Distance protection, Differential protection, Protection coordination, Renewable energies protection, Distributed grid protection, Problems in distributed grids, Integration of mini and micro-generation in distribution grids, V2G integration, Islanding Schemes.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. J.N.Twidell & A.D.Weir-Renewable Energy Sources, University press, Cambridge
- Sukhatme, S.P., Solar Energy -Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Kreith, F., and Kreider, J.F., Principles of Solar Engineering, Mc-Graw-Hill Book Co.
- 4. S.L.Soo ,Direct Energy Conversion , Prentice Hall Publication
- 5. James Larminie, Andrew Dicks, Fuel Cell Systems, John Weily & Sons Ltd
- 6. J. F. Manwell, J. G. McGowan, A. L. Rogers, Wind Energy Explained John Weily & Sons Ltd
- 7. E.J. Womack, MHD power generation engineering aspects, Chapman and Hall Publication.
- 8. G.D. Rai, Non Conventional energy Sources, Khanna Publications, New Delhi.

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS113: POWER QUALITY 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Describe various power quality issues
- CO2 Explain the origin of various power quality variations and events
- CO3 Apply passive and active compensation methods for solving power quality problems
- CO4 Analyze various modes of unified power quality conditioner
- CO5 Design active power filters for various operating conditions
- CO6 Summarize the benefits of using the power quality improvement devices.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### INTRODUCTION TO POWER QUALITY

05 Hours

Definition, Power Quality Problems, Causes and Consequences, Voltage Sags, Swells, Interruptions, Flicker, Reactive Power and Harmonics. Power quality indices, IEEE and IEC standards related to power quality.

#### ORIGIN OF POWER QUALITY VARIATIONS

05 Hours

Voltage Frequency Variations, Voltage Magnitude Variations, Voltage Unbalance, Voltage Fluctuations and Light Flicker, Waveform Distortion

#### ORIGIN OF POWER QUALITY EVENTS

06 Hours

Interruptions: Terminology, Causes, Restoration and Voltage Recovery. Voltage Dips: Causes of Voltage Dips, Voltage-Dip Examples, Voltage Dips in Three Phases, Phase-Angle Jumps Associated with Voltage Dips, Voltage Recovery After a Fault. Transients: Lightning Transients, Normal and Abnormal switching transients.

#### SHUNT & SERIES COMPENSATION

14 Hours

Passive shunt compensation, Active load compensation, D-STATCOM - Design, Control and Phasor Analysis., Dynamics of sags and swells, Passive Series Compensation, Active Series Compensation- Dynamic Voltage Restorer (DVR) with and without energy support- Design, Control and Phasor Analysis.

#### UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER (UPQC)

04 Hours

Right Shunt and Left Shunt Topologies, Phasor Analysis of UPQC-P, Q and S under various perturbations.

#### ACTIVE POWER FILTERS

08 Hours

Voltage and Current Harmonics- Causes and Consequences. Design of Passive Filters. Active Shunt Filters and Active Series Filters, Hybrid Filters, Improved Power Quality Converters.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Bollen Math H.J. ,GUIrene Y.H., "Signal Processing of Power Quality Disturbances", Wilely Inter science Publication (IEEE Press),2006
- 2. Bhim Singh, Ambrish Chandra, and Kamal Al-Haddad, Power Quality: Problems and Mitigation Techniques,
  - John Wiley and Sons, United Kingdom, Dec. 2014.
- 3. Arindam Ghosh and Gerard Ledwich, Power Quality Enhancement using Custom Power Devices, Springer
  - Science and Business Media, New York, Dec. 2012.
- 4. Wakileh George J. "Power System Harmonics: Fundamentals, analysis and filter Design," Springer, (first Indian reprint) 2007.
- 5. Hirofumi Akagi, Edson Hirokazu Watanabe and Mauricio Aredes, Instantaneous Power Theory and Applications to Power Conditioning, John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, March, 2007

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS114: MICROCONTROLLER BASED SYSTEM DESIGN 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Revise basic concepts of 8051 microcontrollers and embedded 'C' programming.
- CO2 Explain architecture of CIP 51 8-bit microcontroller with the advanced features of the controller.
- CO3 Describe the functionality of Programmable internal and external peripherals of CIP 51.
- Write embedded 'C' code for CIP51 with the exposure of SI Lab IDE.
- CO5 Develop microcontroller based prototype for automation, power electronics based electrical systems and other real world problems

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### REVIEW OF 8051 ARCHITECTURE & EMBEDDED 'C' PROGRAMMING

06 Hours

Introduction, 8051 family microcontrollers, hardware architecture, input/output pins, I/O ports and circuits, general purpose registers, special function registers, timers-counters, concepts of interrupts. Variables and constants, storage classes, enumerations and definitions, I/O operations, control statements, functions, pointers and arrays, structure and unions, interrupt service routines.

#### • INTRODUCTION TO CIP-51 CONTROLLER ARCHITECTURE

09 Hours

Memory Map, Instruction Pipeline, PLL & Clock System, concept of Crossbar and Pin assignment, On Chip Peripherals: Timer/Counters, GPIO, ADC, DAC, UART.

#### HARDWARE CONCEPTS AND PROGRAMMING OF CIP-51 PERIPHERALS

15 Hours

Comparator, SPI & I2C serial Communication interface, MAC unit on CIP-51, Programming of PCA, ADC, DAC.

Interfacing of seven-segment LED, LCD display, relay, Pushbutton keys, Matrix key board and Stepper motor.

APPLICATIONS
 12 Hours

Voltage drop, line impedance, "K" factors, uniformly distributed load and lumping loads in geometric configurations, percent power loss, methods to analyse distribution cost

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Rolin McKinlay and Janice Gillispie Mazidi "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C" Pearson 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2007.
- 2. M. Mazidi, J. G. Mazidi and R. D. McKinlay, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Prentice Hall of India, 3rd edition, 2007.
- 3. Mark Siegesmund, Embedded C Programming: Techniques and Applications of C and PIC MCUS, Elsevier Science, 1 st Edition 2014.
- 4. Chew Moi, Gourab Sen Gupta "Embedded Programming" Silicon Labs 8-bit MCUniversity Program.
- 5. Datasheet of SILABS C8051FXXX. (www.silabs.com)
- 6. Application notes from SILAB C8051FXXX.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS120: OPERATION AND ANALYSIS OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	recognize configuration of distribution feeder and understand load behaviour
CO2	develop system component models and perform power flow and short circuit studies
CO3	perform voltage control and apply state estimation methods for distribution system
CO4	evaluate reliability of the distribution system
CO5	develop solution strategies for planning and explain distribution system automation
CO6	explain basic concept and identify appropriate protection scheme for distribution system

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### INTRODUCTION TO DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

03 Hours

Structure of distribution system, distribution feeder configuration and substation layouts, construction and bus schemes, substation location and rating, overhead and underground distribution networks

### LOAD CHARACTERISTIC AND LOAD MODELLING, SYSTEM COMPONENT MODELLING O7 Hours

Definitions, Loads and Load Characteristics, loss factor, Load Growth and Diversified Demands, Load Models, feeder load; Overhead lines, feeders and cables, Single and three phase transformers, voltage regulators, capacitor banks, three phase induction machines, distributed generation.

#### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM ANALYSIS

10 Hours

Load flow analysis: Backward/forward sweep, Direct approach, Direct approach for weakly meshed systems, Gauss Implicit Z-matrix Method; Fault Studies: general short circuit theory, specific short circuits, backfeed ground fault currents, weakly meshed systems; case study.

#### VOLTAGE REGULATION IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

03 Hours

Basic Definitions, Quality of Service and Voltage Standards, Voltage Control, Feeder Voltage Regulators, Line-Drop Compensation, Distribution Capacitor Automation, Voltage Fluctuations

#### STATE ESTIMATIONS OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

04 Hours

Topology estimation, pseudo measurements, state estimation for radial distribution system, state estimation scheme, object-oriented state estimation, measurement placement, case study

#### RELIABILITY ASSESSMENT OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

04 Hours

Introduction, reliability modelling concept, different reliability indices, customer interruption cost evolution and customer damage function

#### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM PLANNING AND AUTOMATION

06 Hours

Introduction, different components of distribution system planning, different planning approaches, planning models and solution strategies; introduction to distribution system automation, the basic elements of distribution system automation, power market deregulation and distribution system automation, load management at different peak and off-peak duration, compatibility of load management with system design and operation, smart grid and smart metering.

#### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM PROTECTION

05 Hours

Basic Definitions, objective of distribution system protection, overcurrent protection devices, coordination of protective devices, high impedance faults, lightning protection, insulators.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- Turan Gonen, "Electric power distribution engineering", CRC press, 2015
   W. H. Kersting, "Distribution system modelling and analysis", CRC press, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2012
   A. S. Pabla, "Electric power distribution" Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, 2012
   V. Kamaraju, "Electrical power distribution systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 2009
   H. Lee Willis, "Power Distribution Planning Reference Book", CRC Press, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2004

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS121: POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To study Generation of switching transients and their control
- CO2 To distinguish between various switching transients and lightning surges.
- CO3 To observe the behavior of travelling waves such as the propagation, reflection and refraction of travelling waves.
- CO4 To study the effect of voltage transients caused by faults,
  - circuit breaker action, load rejection on integrated power system.
- CO5 Determine the skill to design the protection scheme of power system equipment using ground wires, surge absorbers and arrestors.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### OVERVOLTAGES IN POWER SYSTEMS

12 Hours

Transient over voltages due to lightning, Theory of ground wires, Direct stroke to a tower, Effect of reflection up and down the tower, Tower grounding and counterpoises, Switching transients, Single and double frequency transients, Abnormal switching transients, Capacitance switching, Kilometric fault, Line dropping and load ejection, Closing and reclosing of lines, High charging currents, Over voltages induced by faults, Ferroresonance, Switching transients in integrated systems, Peaking switching over voltages in EHV lines and cables.

#### TRAVELLING WAVES IN TRANSMISSION LINES

12 Hours

Origin and nature of power system transients, Traveling waves on transmission lines, General wave equation, Attenuation and distortion of waves, Reflection and refraction of traveling waves at different line terminations, Bewley Lattice Diagram, Traveling waves in multi-conductor systems, Transition points on multiconductor circuits.

#### PROTECTION AGAINST TRAVELLING WAVES

06 Hours

Rod gap, Arcing Horn, Lightning Arresters, Surge Absorber, Insulation Coordination

#### TRANSIENT IN TRANSFORMERS AND ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES

12 Hours

High frequency transients and voltage distribution in windings of transformer and rotating electrical machines, Surge impedance

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. I.V. Begley, 'Traveling waves in Transmission Systems', John Wiley (1933,51), Dover.
- 2. R. Rudenberg. 'Electric Stroke waves in Power Systems', Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- 3. Allan Greenwood, 'Electric Transients in Power Systems', Wiley Interscience.
- 4. C.S. Indulkar and D.P. Kothari, 'Power System Transients, A Statistical Approach', Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 110 001.
- 5. V.A. Venikov, 'Transient phenomena in Electrical Power Systems', Pergamon Press, London

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I L T P C ELPS122: FORECASTING AND PLANNING METHODS 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 The students would be able to learn methods of time series decomposition and its smoothing for better forecasting and planning.
- CO2 The students would be able to learn various simple and multiple regression models for forecasting.
- CO3 The students would learn the BOX-Jenkins and ARIMA for forecasting.
- CO4 The students would be able to learn the basics of planning for engineering applications.
- CO5 The students would be able to learn various methods of planning and their applications.
- CO6 The students would be able to learn methods of time series decomposition and its smoothing for better forecasting and planning.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF FORECASTING

04 Hours

The forecasting perspective, Current Status Of Forecasting, Fundamentals Of Quantitative Forecasting, Explanatory And Time Series Forecasting, overview of forecasting techniques and basic steps, basic forecasting tools, time series, and cross-sectional data, time plots, time series patterns, seasonal plots, scatterplots, univariate and bivariate statistics, autocorrelation, measuring forecast accuracy, standard accuracy, out-of-sample accuracy, ACF of forecast error, prediction intervals, least square estimates, transformation and adjustments.

#### TIME-SERIES DECOMPOSITION AND EXPONENTIAL SMOOTHING METHODS

06 Hours

Principle of decomposition, model, graphics, seasonal adjustment, moving averages, simple, centred, double moving and weighted moving averages, local regression smoothing, classical decomposition, additive and multiplicative decomposition, variations on classical decomposition, census bureau methods, first iterations, later iterations, extensions to X-12 ARIMA, STL decomposition, comparing STL with X-12 ARIMA, Exponential smoothing methods: The forecasting scenario, averaging methods, the mean, moving averages, exponential smoothing methods, single exponential smoothing and its adaptive approach, Holt's linear method, Holt-Winter's trend and seasonality method, exponential smoothing: Pegel's classification, general aspects of smoothing methods.

#### SIMPLE AND MULTIPLE REGRESSION

08 Hours

Simple regression: Regression methods, simple regression, least squares estimation, the correlation coefficient, residuals, outliers and influential observations, inference and forecasting with simple regression, regression as statistical modelling, The F-test for overall significance, confidence intervals for individual coefficients, t-tests for individual coefficients, forecasting using the simple regression model, non-linear relationship, non-linearity in the parameters, using logarithms to form linear models, local regression Multiple Regression: Introduction, theory and practice, solving for the regression coefficients, multiple regression and coefficient of determination, The F-test for overall significance, individual coefficients, t-tests for individual coefficients, regression with time series, selecting variables, multicolinearity, forecasting using the multiple regression model.

#### THE BOX-JENKINS METHODOLOGY FOR ARIMA MODELS

06 Hours

Examining correlation in time series data, the autocorrelation function, white noise model, sampling distribution of autocorrelation, the partial autocorrelation coefficient, recognizing seasonality, examining stationarity of time series data, random walk model, tests for stationarity, seasonal differencing, backshift notion, ARIMA models of time series, autoregressive model of order one, moveing average model of order one, higher order models, Mixtures ARIMA models, identification and estimation of parameters, forecasting with ARIMA.

#### • FORECASTING AND PLANNING

10 Hours

The role of forecasting in planning, Comparison and selection of forecasting methods, The accuracy of forecasting methods, Pattern of the Data and its effects on individual forecasting methods, Time horizon

effects on forecasting methods.

Introduction to Planning: Defining planning as a discipline, multidisciplinary nature, role of a planner, fields of planning- Urban, regional, environmental, Electrical Infrastructure planning definitions and Basics of Planning, Goals and objectives of planning; Components of planning; Benefits of planning; Arguments for and against planning. Planning Process, Levels of Planning in India.

PLANNING METHODS 08 Hours

Definition of development plan; Types: Master plan, Structure plan, District plan, Action area plan, Subject plan, Comprehensive planning, Zonal plans etc. Hierarchy of plans: Regional plan, Sub-regional plan; Sector plans and Spatial plans, Data requirements for planning; sources of primary and secondary data; questionnaire design, measurement scale and their application, sampling techniques, types of socio-economic surveys; self-surveys, interviews, questionnaires and observer participation, Data requirement for various types of regional plans; Techniques for conducting surveys.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Makridakis, Spyros, "Forecasting methods and application", John Wiley, 1993.
- 2. X.Wang & J.R. Mc Donald, "Modern Power system planning", McGraw. Hill, 1993
- 3. A.S Pabla, "Electrical Power system planning", Mac Millan, Delhi, 1998
- 4. Sullivan, "Power system planning", McGraw. Hill, 1977
- 5. Lakervi E, E J Holmes, "Electricity distribution network design", IEE, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2003
- 6. A Reader in Planning Theory, Faludi, A., Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- 7. Planning Theory, Faludi, A., Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- 8. Regional Planning: Concepts, R.P. Mishra, 1992 Concept Publishing Techniques Policies
- 9. Planning Theory and Philosophy, Cambia, M., Taylor and Francis. Philosophy

M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I	L	Т	Р	С
ELPS123: ELECTRICAL MACHINES FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY	2	0	0	2
GENERATION	3	U	U	3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Explain the fundamental issues and challenges of harvesting Renewable energy
- CO2 Analyze the different forms of energy storage by renewable energy sources
- CO3 Explain principle and construction, characteristics of electrical machines promising for renewable energy
- CO4 Compare existing machines and advanced renewable energy machines
- CO5 Identify the design modification of machines for renewable energy
- CO6 Select the appropriate electrical machines for harnessing renewable energy

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### FORMS OF ENERGY STORAGE BY RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

02 Hours

Kinetic energy, Potential Energy, Heat energy.

#### CLASSIFICATION OF ELECTRIC MACHINES

04 Hours

Different of topologies of electric machines, Existing machines and Advanced machines for renewable energy

#### EXISTING MACHINES FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY

16 Hours

Classifications Principle, construction and characteristics of Synchronous Generator, Induction Generator, Doubly Fed Induction Generator, Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generator, Linear Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generator.

#### ADVANCED RENEWABLE ENERGY MACHINES

20 Hours

Classifications, Principle, construction characteristics and Application of Stator-PM Machines. Direct-drive PM Machines and Magnet less Machines

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. K.T. Chau .Electric Machines and Drives for Renewable Energy Harvesting, Energies, special issues, MDPI. 2017
- 2. D.P. Kotahri, K.C. Singal, Rakesh RanjanRenewable Energy sources and emerging technologies , PHI, 2009
- 3. Pyrhonen, J.; Jokinen, T.; Hrabovcova, V. Design of Rotating Electrical Machines; Wiley: Chichester, UK, 2007.
- D.S. Chauhan, S. K. Srivatava, Non- Conventional Energy Resources, New Age international Publishers, Third edition.2014
- 5. Selected Journal papers on Advanced Electrical machines for Renewable Energy.

M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – I	L	T	Р	С
ELPS124: SYSTEM THEORY	3	0	0	3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 understand the concepts of vector spaces and subspaces
- CO2 explain the concepts of Linear algebra and its application to control theory
- CO3 analyze discrete time systems with Z-transforms
- CO4 evaluate the stability of discrete time systems and obtain the state space representation of discrete time systems
- CO5 design controllers and observers for discrete time systems

#### 2. SYLLABUS

LINEAR ALGEBRA 20 Hours

Vector spaces, Basis, Operator, range of the linear operator, null space, rank, nullity, rank-nullity theorem, matrix representation of the linear operator in the bases, orthogonal bases, Inner product spaces, Holder inequality, Cauchy-Schwartz inequality, triangular inequality, Minkowski inequality, best approximation theorem, orthogonal projection lemma, Gram- Schmidtt orthogonalization, Characteristics polynomial, minimal polynomial, eigen value and eigen vector, Diagonal form, Triangular form, Caley- Hamilton Theorem.

• SYSTEM THEORY 22 Hours

Introduction to Z transformation ,bilateral and unilateral Z transformation, Z transformation of the important signals, Solving Discrete LTI system using Z transformation, Pulse transfer function, Phase space analysis of the discrete LTI system, Jury Stability criterion, Schur-Cohn test, Bilinear transformation applied with Routh's stability criterion. Conservative system, Controllability, Observability, Observer Design, Diaphantile equation, Full order, reduced order, minimum order observer, Gopinath Observer, Luenberger Observer.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Kenneth Hoffmann And Ray Kunze, "Linear Algebra", PHI India limited, 1971.
- 2. K. Ogata, "Discrete-Time Control Systems", Prentice Hall; 2nd edition, 1995.
- 3. Allen V. Oppenheim, S. Willsky, with S. Hamid Navab "Signals and systems" Prentice Hall; 2nd edition, 1996.
- 4. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", 3rd Edition, PHI India limited, 2001.
- 5. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, "Control System Engineering", Anshan Publishers; 5th edition, 2008.

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS210: HVDC TRANSMISSION 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 To explain the configurations, advantages and applications of HVDC Transmission
- CO2 To analyse the operation of HVDC converters
- CO3 To analyse HVDC control methods for power flow.
- CO4 To calculate the harmonics and filters parameters
- CO5 To analyse the Faults in HVDC System and their Protection
- CO6 To explain the Parallel Operation of AC-DC Systems

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### INTRODUCTION TO HVDC

05 Hours

Historical development in DC Transmission, Advantages & Disadvantages of DC Transmission over Ac Transmission, DC Transmission Systems: Mono-polar, bi-polar and homo-polar lines, back-to-back HVDC systems, Components of HDVC Transmission System, classification, Main applications of DC Transmission

#### CONVERTER OPERATION

10 Hours

Choice of converter configuration, 6-pulse and 12-pulse rectifiers and inverters; Equivalent circuits of rectifier and inverter, relations between ac and dc quantities

#### CONVERTER CHARTS

03 Hours

Charts with dc voltage and current as rectangular coordinates, charts with active and reactive powers as rectangular coordinates and their relation.

#### HVDC CONTROL SYSTEMS

05 Hours

Constant current control, constant excitation angle control, VDCOL, constant ignition angle control, Individual phase control and equidistant pulse control; Valve blocking and by-passing; Starting, stopping and power flow reversal, advanced controller.

#### • HARMONICS AND FILTERS

05 Hours

Characteristic and non-characteristic harmonics, input harmonics, output harmonics, problems due to harmonics, ac and dc filters.

#### FAULTS IN HVDC SYSTEM AND THEIR PROTECTION

04 Hours

DC line faults, clearing line faults, converter faults, ac system faults, rectifier side and inverter side faults; DC circuit breakers, overvoltage protection.

#### PARALLEL OPERATION OF AC-DC SYSTEMS

04 Hours

Influence of ac system strength on ac-dc interaction, effective short-circuit ratio (ESCR), problems with low ESCR systems.

#### Recent DEVELOPMENTS IN HVDC TRANSMISSION

06 Hours

Problems encountered with classical (CSC based) HDVC Transmission Systems and their overcome by VSC based HVDC systems, Operation Principle and control of VSC Based HVDC Transmission, VSC-HVDC Under AC and DC Fault Conditions.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. E. Kimbark, Direct Current Transmission by Wiley International New York, 1971.
- 2. K.R. Padiyar, HVDC Power Transmission System, New Age International Private Limited, 2008.
- 3. E.Ulmann, Power Transmission by Direct Current, Springer-Verlag, 1975
- 4. P. Kundur, Power System stability and control, Tata McGraw Hill education, 1994.
- 5. J. Arrillaga, High Voltage Direct Current Transmission, IEE Power Engineering series, London, 1998
- 6. J. Arrillaga, Y. H. Liu and N. R. Watson, Flexible Power Transmission: The HVDC Option, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2007.
- 7. Nagwa F. Ibrahim and Sobhy S. Dessouky, Design and Implementation of Voltage Source Converters in HVDC Systems, Springer Nature, Switzerland, 2021.
- 8. Chan-Ki Kim,Vijay K. Sood,Gil-Soo Jang,Seong-Joo Lim and Seok-Jin Lee, HVDC Transmission Power Conversion Applications in Power Systems, John Wiley & Sons,Singapore,2009

	•	Power Systems), Semester – II INSULATION ENGINEERING	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3					
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)  Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:											
	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5	To describe the electrical insulation systems To illustrate Breakdown mechanisms in insulation To explain nano-dielectrics, multistress aging, speace charge To analyse Stochastic models of breakdown To design insulation systems									
2.	SYLLA	ABUS									
•	Dielect	<b>PDUCTION</b> rics and electrical insulation systems used in high voltage power apparatus:  nd composite insulation, behaviour of electrical insulation under electric stres		s, vacuı		<b>lours</b> d,					
•	Ionizati	KDOWN MECHANISMS IN GASEOUS INSULATION  ion, attachment, Townsend and streamer theories, Paschen's law, partial be kdown, breakdown under impulse voltages, volt-time characteristics of break		/n, coro		lours e lags					
•	BREA	KDOWN IN VACUUM			03 H	lours					
•	BREA	KDOWN IN LIQUID INSULATION			03 H	lours					
•	BREA	KDOWN IN SOLID AND COMPOSITE INSULATION			04 H	lours					
•	INTRO	DUCTION TO NANO DIELECTRICS			03 H	lours					
•	SPACE	E CHARGE IN DIELECTRICS			02 H	lours					
•		TRICAL DEGRADATION g, partial discharge, tracking & erosion.			04 H	lours					
•	STOC	HASTIC MODELS OF BREAKDOWN			04 H	lours					
•	MULTI	-STRESS AGEING			03 H	lours					
•		n various power apparatus (case studies).			06 H	lours					

**Total Hours: 42** 

- E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel, "High voltage Engineering Fundamentals", Newnes, 2nd edition, 2000
   M.S.Naidu, V. Kamaraju, "High voltage Engineering", TMH, 4th edition, 2009
   C L Wadhwa, "High voltage Engineering", New age International, 4th edition, 2021
   Papers from IEEE Trans on Dielectrics and Electrical Insulation

## M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS212: ELECTRIC VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Understand the basic concepts of electric vehicles and popular traction systems
- CO2 Analyze the different propulsion unit and their working
- CO3 Understand the drive-train topologies and advanced propulsion techniques
- CO4 Analyze the various energy storage methodologies in traction systems
- CO5 Understanding the Energy Management in Electric Vehicle

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### CONVENTIONAL VEHICLES

08 Hours

Vehicle dynamics, Basics of vehicle performance, vehicle power source characterization, transmission characteristics and mathematical models to describe vehicle performance. Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles: History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drivetrains on energy supplies.

#### HYBRID ELECTRIC DRIVETRAINS

08 Hours

Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis. Electric Drive-trains; Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drive-train topologies. Power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, efficiency analysis.

#### ELECTRIC PROPULSION UNIT

09 Hours

Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Induction Motor drives, Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive system efficiency.

• ENERGY STORAGE 09 Hours

Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based, Fuel Cell based, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices. Sizing the drive system: Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine (ICE) Sizing the propulsion motor, sizing the power electronics selecting the energy storage technology, Communications, supporting subsystems

#### ENERGY MANAGEMENT ISSUES

08 Hours

Classification and comparisons of different energy management strategies, implementation implementation issues of energy management strategies, Case Studies: Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEY), Design of a Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Ali Emadi, Advanced Electric Drive Vehicles, CRC Press, 2014.
- 2. Igbal Hussein Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, CRC Pres, 2003.
- 3. Mehrdad Ehsani, Yi.mi Gao Sebastjan E. Gay, Ali Emadi , Modem Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles; Fundamentals Theory and Design, CRC Press 2004.
- 4. James Larminie John Lowry, Electric Vehicle Technology Explained , Wiley, 2003.
- S. Onorio, L. Serrao and G. Rizzoni, 'Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies", Springer 2015.

6. T. Denton 'Electric a.ad Hybrid Vehicles', Routledge 2016.

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 The students would be able to understand the concept of encryption and privacy issues and its significance in cyber security
- CO2 The students would be able to learn about cryptography and risk analysis using various terms and methods such as attack classification, ciphers, keys etc.
- CO3 The students would able to learn the impact of bad data injection and identification for cyber security using encryption methods.
- CO4 The students would be able to learn the use of cloud network for information storage for smart grids and its security. The Indian perspective will also be explored.
- CO5 The privacy prevention and its methods would be learned for smart grids.
- CO6 The students would be able to understand the management and legal concerns and rules/protocols for cyber security.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

# • INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW OF THE SECURITY AND PRIVACY ISSUES IN 04 Hours ELECTRICAL NETWORK

Security issues in smart grids, Physical network security, Information network security, Privacy issues in smart grids, Reliability in smart grid- preliminaries on reliability quantification, System adequacy quantification, Congestion prevention: An economic dispatch algorithm.

#### CRYPTOGRAPHY FOR CYBER SECURITY

08 Hours

Introduction and Overview of Cryptography and security, Historical perspective, Threats, risks, consequences, Physical network security, Information network security, Sources of threats, Attacks classification, Preventive measures, remedial measures, Basics of cryptography: Confusion vs. diffusion, Stream ciphers vs. block ciphers, Keys and key management, Key exchange, Symmetric key cryptography vs asymmetric key cryptography, Cryptographic hash functions, Properties, Merkle Damgard construction, md family, sha family, Digital signatures, Public key encryption and Misc. techniques, Introduction, Public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, Encryption using non-cryptographic tools, Authentication principles and methods, Passwords, two-factor authentication, One-way encryption

#### BAD DATA DETECTION 06 Hours

Preliminaries on falsification detection algorithms, Autocorrelation function (ACF), Time series modeling of load power: Outline of the proposed methodology, Seasonality, Fitting the AR and MA models, Case study: Stabilizing the variance, Fitting the stationary signal, Model fine-tuning and evaluation

# CLOUD NETWORK DATA SECURITY IN SMART GRID

10 Hours

Introduction, Service-level agreements, Live migration of a VM image in cloud computing: Data Migration, Network migration, Architecture and Solutions for: Application Manager, Site Broker, Hybrid cloud broker, Smart Meters and Smart Loads: The Advance Metering Infrastructure (AMI), AMI communication network, Hierarchical AMI communication network format, Internet-Protocol-Based Mesh AMI communication network, Standardization of AMI: ANSI C12.22, IEC 62056, AMI and Distribution Management System Integration (DMI), Software Architecture and Evaluation of the MDI layer.

# PRIVACY PRESERVATION IN SMART GRID

08 Hours

Classification and comparisons of different energy management strategies, implementation implementation issues of energy management strategies, Case Studies: Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEY), Design of a Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).

#### MANAGEMENT ASPECTS IN CYBER SECURITY

06 Hours

System Administration policies, Security audit, Penetration testing and ethical hacking, Mandatory Access

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Smart Grids: Security and Privacy Issues, Kianoosh G. Boroojeni, M.Hadi Amini, S.S. Iyengar, Springer, 2017.
- 2. Security and Privacy in Smart Grids, Yang Xiao, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.
- 3. Applied Cyber Security and the Smart Grid, E.D Knapp, Raj Samani, Elsevier-SYNGRESS.
- 4. AtulKahate Cryptography and Network Security , 2nd Edition Tata McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi-2006
- 5. Behrouz A. Forouzan and D. Mukhopadhyay- Cryptography & Network Security, 2nd Edition 1st reprint 2010, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 6. Wade Trapple, Lawrence C. Washington- Introduction to Cryptography with coding Theory, 2nd Edition pearson Education
- Alfred J. Menezes, Paul C. van Oorschot and Scott A. Vanstone, Hand-book of Applied Cryptography, CRC Press.
- 8. Margaret Cozzens, Steven J Miller, The mathematics of encryption, American Mathematical Society
- 9. William Stallings, Cryptography and network security, Pearson Education.

M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II	L	Т	Р	С
ELPS214: ADVANCE POWER CONVERTERS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY	2	0	0	3
APPLICATIONS	3			

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Analyze and understand power converter interfaced solar PV systems
- CO2 Select and design passive filters for grid-connected solar and wind systems
- CO3 Analyze and understand converter topologies for solar PV systems
- CO4 Analyze and understand converter topologies for wind turbine systems
- CO5 Design and analyze converter control for solar and wind turbine systems

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### POWER CONVERTERS FOR SOLAR PV SYSTEMS

18 Hours

#### PV system classifications, requirements, and challenges

Standalone, grid-feeding and hybrid PV systems, Grid-feeding inverters: central, string and micro-Inverters, single-stage and two-stage inverter configurations, Grid requirements for PV, DC and AC side filtering requirements and design, issue of leakage/residual current and remedial techniques, Control structure: MPPT and grid-current control.

# PV inverters derived from H-bridge topology

Basic full-bridge inverter, H5 inverter (SMA), HERIC inverter, REFU inverter, full-bridge inverter with DC Bypass (FB – DCBP), full-bridge Zero Voltage Rectifier (FB – ZVR)

#### **High Voltage-Gain DC-DC Converters**

Magnetic coupling based isolated/non-isolated converters, voltage multiplier cell, switched inductor and switched capacitor based converters, voltage lift converters, Z-source and resonant converters

#### **PV Power Control**

Grid Synchronization and PLL, MPPT & grid current control with above mentioned converters

#### POWER CONVERTERS FOR WIND TURBINE (WT) SYSTEMS

18 Hours

#### WT system classifications and requirements

Power conversion structures for variable speed wind turbine systems with IG, DFIG and PMSM; Grid requirements for WT systems, Conventional unidirectional and bi-directional power converters for WT systems

#### **Multilevel Power Converters**

Three-Level Neutral-Point Diode Clamped Back-To-Back Topology (3L-NPC BTB), Three-Level H-Bridge Back-to-Back Topology (3L-HB BTB), Five-Level H-Bridge Back-to-Back Topology (5L-HB BTB), Three-Level Neutral-Point Diode Clamped Topology for Generator Side and Five-Level H-Bridge Topology for Grid Side (3L-NPC + 5L-HB).

#### **Introduction to Matrix Converters**

Principle of operation, various configurations and applications.

### MULTI-INPUT DC-DC CONVERTERS FOR RENEWABLE APPLICATIONS

06 Hours

Various multi-input DC-DC converter topologies, their operations and applications

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Remus Teodorescu et al, "Grid converters for photovoltaic and wind power systems", John Willey & Sons Ltd., 2011..
- 2. Sudipta Chakraborty et al, "Power Electronics for Renewable and Distributed Energy Systems: A Sourcebook of Topologies, Control and Integration", Springer Science & Business, 2013.
- 3. Ashok L. Kumar et al," Power electronic converters for solar photovoltaic systems", Academic Press, 2020
- 4. Nicola Femi et al, ``Power Electronics and control for maximum Energy Harvesting in Photovoltaic

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS220: ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION METHODS 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 explain the basic principle of optimization
- CO2 derive the equations and solution through linear programming method
- CO3 estimate the performance of traditional optimization method
- CO4 analyse the performance of constrained optimization algorithms
- CO5 analyse the induction of non traditional optimization algorithms
- CO6 apply the optimization method in real world

#### 2. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION 04 Hours

Historical Development, Engineering application of Optimization, Formulation of design problems, Classification of optimization problems

#### LINEAR PROGRAMMING

08 Hours

Theorem of Linear programming problems and Relation to convexity, Simplex method, Revised simplex method, Duality in linear programming(LP), Sensitivity analysis, other algorithms for solving LP problems.

#### SINGLE AND MULTIVARIABLE OPTIMIZATION

08 Hours

Single variable: Optimality criteria, Bracketing Methods, Region Elimination Method, Gradient Based methods: Newton-Raphson Method, Bisection Method, Secant Method; Multivariable: Optimality criteria, Direct Search Methods, Gradient Based Methods: Steepest Descent Method, Conjugate Gradient Method, Quasi-Newton Method, Variable Metric Method, applications

#### CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

06 Hours

Characteristics of a constrained problem, Variable Elimination Method, Lagrange Multiplier, Kuhn-Tucker Conditions, Frank-Wolfe Method, Cutting plane Method, penalty function Methods, application.

# ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

16 Hours

Introduction to Multi objective Optimization, Swarm intelligences, Genetic Algorithm, Teaching Learning Based Optimization, Rao algorithms and other Non-traditional Optimization Algorithms, applications.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. S. S. Rao, 'Engineering "Optimization theory and applications", Fourth Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2009.
- 2. Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design: Algorithms and Examples" Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.,2005.
- 3. M.S. Bazaraa, H.D. Sheraliand C.Shetty, "Nonlinear Programming, Theory and Algorithms", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1993.
- 4. Ke-Lin Du and M.N.S. Swamy, "Search and Optimization by Metaheuristics Techniques and Algorithms Inspired by Nature," Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2016.
- 5. R. Venkata Rao, Teaching Learning Based Optimization Algorithm and Its Engineering Applications, Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2016.
- 6. Kwang Y. Lee and Mohamed and A. El-Sharkawi, Modern Heuristic Optimization Techniques Theory and Applications To Power Systems, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2008.
- 7. Gang Lei, Jianguo Zhu and Youguang Guo, "Multidisciplinary Design Optimization Methods for Electrical Machines and Drive Systems," Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg 2016.
- 8. Rangrajan K. Sundaram, "A First Course in Optimization Theory", Cambridge University Press,1996
- 9. A.Ravindran, K.M. Ragsdell, G.V. Reklaitis, "Engineering Optimization Methods and Applications",

Wiley India Pvt.Ltd., 2006.

10. E.S. Gopi, "Algorithm Collections for Digital Signal Processing Applications Using MATLAB," Springer, Dordrecht, The Netherlands,2007

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS221: ADVANCED NUMERICAL METHODS 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 learn various advanced numerical methods.
- CO2 apply the numerical methods for solving problems related to electrical engineering.
- CO3 modeling various systems and perform regression analysis.
- CO4 analsye the convergence rate and stability of the algorithms
- CO5 Select a suitable numerical method for solving the real time problems based on the accuracy, speed and stability.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

ERROR ANALYSIS
 04 Hours

propagation of error, fixed point and floating point algorithms, reminder theorem

#### SOLUTION OF SYSTEM OF NONLINEAR EQUATIONS

06 Hours

Newton-Raphson method, Method of Successive approximation, Adomian decomposition method, convergence criterion

#### REGRESSION ANALYSIS

12 Hours

Least Square criterion (LSq), two-dimensional regression for linear and nonlinear systems, multidimensional regression for linear and nonlinear systems

#### SOLUTION TO ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

12 Hours

Single-step and multi-step explicit integration algorithms – Adam's Bashforth formula, multi-step implicit integration algorithms – Adam's Moulton formula, stability analysis.

#### SOLUTION TO PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

04 Hours

Specification of initial and boundary conditions, Solution by finite difference method

#### INTRODUCTION TO INTEGRAL EQUATIONS

04 Hours

Homogenous and non-homogenous integral equations, numerical methods to solve solution to integral equations

**Total Hours: 42** 

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Shastri S. S., "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", Prentice Hall Ltd., 4th Edition, 2005.
- 2. Jain M. K., Iyengar S.R.K., Jain R.K., "Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation", 4th Edition, 2003, New Age international Publishers, Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. S. D. Conte and Carl de Boor, Elementary Numerical Analysis an Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill. 1980.
- 4. Pallab Ghosh, "Numerical Methods with Computer Programs", in C++, Printice Hall of India Private Ltd., 2006.
- 5. Teukolsky S. A., Vetterling W. T., Press W. H. & Flannery B. P., "Numerical recipes in 'C', 2nd Edition, Foundation Books Pvt. Ltd., 2001.

### Additional Books:

Leon O. Chua and Pen-Min Lin, "Computer-Aided Analysis of Electronic Circuits", Printice Hall Series in Electrical and Computer Engineering.

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Explain the fundamental issues and challenges of Artificial Intelligence.
- CO2 Analyze various Machine learning algorithms
- CO3 Compare machine learning/artificial intelligence approaches
- CO4 Apply various Machine learning methods
- CO5 Develop ANN/FL algorithms and models
- CO6 Implement various machine learning algorithms in real-world applications

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING (ML)

10 Hours

Identification in the Limit, Oracle Based Learning, Probably Approximately Correct (PAC) Model, Boosting Bayesian Learning: Maximum Likelihood, Estimates, Parameter Estimation. Types of Machine learning – Basic Concepts in Machine Learning - SUPERVISED LEARNING: Linear Models for Classification: Discriminant Functions - Probabilistic Generative Models - Probabilistic Discriminative Models - Bayesian Logistic Regression, linear models, Logistic Regression, Generalized Linear Models, Unsupervised learning, clustering: K-means/Kernel K-means, Dimensionality, Reduction: PCA and kernel PCA, Evaluating Machine Learning algorithms and Model Selection, Ensemble Methods (Boosting, Bagging, Random Forests), Modelling Sequence /Time- Series Data, Deep Learning and Feature Representation, Learning, Scalable Machine Learning (Online and Distributed Learning)

# • INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

10 Hours

Computerized reasoning – Artificial Intelligence (AI) – characteristics of an AI problem – Problem representation in AI – State space representation – problem reduction, Concept of small talk programming, Knowledge representation issues, predicate logic- logic programming, semantic nets- frames and inheritance, constraint propagation, representing knowledge using rules, rules based deduction systems, Reasoning under uncertainty, review of probability, Baye's probabilistic interferences and Dempster Shafer theory.

# ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS (ANN)

08 Hours

Feed forward Network Functions - Error Backpropagation -Regularization in Neural Networks - Mixture Density Networks - Bayesian Neural Networks. Kernel Methods - Dual Representations - Radial Basis Function Networks - Ensemble learning: Boosting - Bagging. Forecasting models using ANN, Trend analysis, Cyclical and Seasonal analysis, smoothing; Moving averages; Box-Jenkins, Holt-winters, Autocorrelation; ARIMA, Examples: Applications of Time Series in financial markets.

FUZZY LOGIC
 06 Hours

Reasoning in uncertain environments, Fuzzy logic, fuzzy composition relation, operations on fuzzy sets, fuzzification - defuzzification, fuzzy decision making, fuzzy logic controllers, Fuzzy Classification: Classification by equivalence relations-crisp relations, Fuzzy relations, Cluster analysis, Cluster validity, C-Means clustering, Hard C-Means clustering, Fuzzy C-Means algorithm, Classification metric, Hardening the Fuzzy C-Partition.

• APPLICATION 08 Hours

Examples of Machine Learning Applications – Linear Models for Regression – Linear Basis Function Models – The Bias-Variance Decomposition – Bayesian Linear Regression – Bayesian Model Comparison. Radar for target detection, Deep Learning Automated ECG Noise Detection and Classification, ML in Network for routing, traffic prediction and classification, Application of ML in Cognitive Radio Network (CRN).

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Timothy J.Ross Fuzzy logic with engineering applications, 3rd edition, Wiley, 2010.
- 2. George J.KlirBo Yuan Fuzzy sets and Fuzzy logic theory and Applications, PHI, New Delhi, 1995
- 3. Applied Machine Learning, M. Gopal, McGraw Hill Education
- 4. Machine Learning March 1997, Thomas M. Mitchell, McGraw-Hill, Inc. 2. Neural Networks: A Comprehensive Foundation, Simon Haykin, Prentice Hall
- 5. Neural Network Design, M. T. Hagan, H. B. Demuth, Mark Beale, Thomson Learning, Vikash Publishing House
- 6. Patrick Henry Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Addison Wesley, 2000.
- 7. Luger George F and Stubblefield William A, "Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving", Pearson Education, 2002.
- 8. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning" Springer, 2007.
- 9. Kevin P. Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012.
- 10. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, 3rd Edition, 2014
- 11. Sayed, A.H., 2014. Adaptation, learning, and optimization over networks. Foundations and Trends" in Machine Learning, 7(4-5), pp.311-801.

M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II	L	Т	Р	С
ELPS223: RELIABILITY EVALUATION OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 The students would be able understand the basic of reliability and its importance for electrical network.
- CO2 The students would be able to implement and model for reliability evaluation of generating systems for LOLE and reliability indices.
- CO3 The students would be able to calculate the duration and frequency of outages and availability from reliability.
- CO4 The students would be able to evaluate the impact of interconnections on reliability.
- CO5 The students would be able to extend the concept of reliability for electrical distribution network for its secure and safe operation with relays, circuit breakers, switches etc.
- CO6 The Monte Carlo simulation concept would be implemented for electrical networks for verification and execution of reliability indices.

#### 2. SYLLABUS

■ INTRODUCTION 04 Hours

Background, types of systems, qualitative and quantitative assessment and its uses, reliability definition and criteria, reliability indices, reliability evaluation techniques, reliability economics, data, monitoring and growth, Probabilistic reliability criteria for electrical network, Statistical and probabilistic measures, Absolute and relative measures, Methods of assessment, Concepts of adequacy and security, System analysis, Reliability cost and reliability worth Concepts of data.

#### GENERATING CAPACITY-BASIC PROBABILITY METHODS

08 Hours

Introduction, The generation system model, Generating unit unavailability, Capacity outage probability tables, Comparison of deterministic and probabilistic criteria, A recursive algorithm for capacity model building, Recursive algorithm for unit removal, Alternative model-building techniques, Loss of load indices, Concepts and evaluation techniques, Numerica1 examples, Equivalent forced outage rate, Capacity expansion analysis, Evaluation techniques, Perturbation effects, Scheduled outages, Evaluation methods on period bases, Load forecast uncertainty, Forced outage rate uncertainty, Exact method, Approximate method, Application, LOLE computation, Additional considerations, Loss of energy indices, Evaluation of energy indices, Expected energy not supplied, Energy-limited systems, Practical system studies, Conclusions, Problems.

### GENERATING CAPACITY-FREQUENCY AND DURATION METHOD

08 Hours

Introduction, The generation model, Fundamental development, Recursive algorithm for capacity model building, System risk indices, Individual state load model, Cumulative state load model, Practical system studies, Base case study, System expansion studies, Load forecast uncertainty, Conclusions, Problems.

# • INTERCONNECTED SYSTEMS

08 Hours

Introduction, Probability array method in two interconnected systems, Concepts, Evaluation techniques, Equivalent assisting unit approach to two interconnected systems, Factors affecting the emergency assistance available through the interconnections, Introduction, Effect of tie capacity, Effect of tie line reliability, Effect of number of tie lines, Effect of tie-capacity uncertainty, Effect of interconnection agreements, Effect of load forecast uncertainty, Variable reserve versus maximum peak load reserve, Reliability evaluation in three interconnected systems, Direct assistance from two systems, Indirect assistance from two systems, Multi-connected systems.

#### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS-BASIC TECHNIQUES AND RADIAL NETWORKS

08 Hours

Introduction, Evaluation techniques, Additional interruption indices, Concepts, Customer-orientated indices, Load- and energy-orientated indices, System performance, System prediction, Application to radial systems, Effect of lateral distributor protection, Effect of disconnects, Effect of protection failures, Effect of

transferring loads, No restrictions on transfer, Transfer restrictions, Probability distributions of reliability indices, Concepts, Failure rate, Restoration times, conclusions, problems.

#### APPLICATIONS OF MONTE CARLO SIMULATION

06 Hours

Introduction, Types of simulation, Concepts of simulation, Random numbers, Simulation output, Application to generation capacity reliability evaluation, Introduction, Modelling concepts, LOLE assessment with non-chronological load, LOLE assessment with chronological load, Reliability assessment with chronological load, Application, to distribution systems, Introduction, Modelling concepts, Numerical examples for radial networks, Numerical examples for meshed (parallel) networks, Extensions to the basic approach, Conclusions, Problems.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Reliability evaluation of power systems, Roy Billinton, Ronald N. Allan, Springer
- 2. Reliability evaluation of engineering systems, Roy Billinton, Ronald N. Allan, Springer
- 3. Distribution reliability, and power quality, t. A. Short, taylor & francis group
- 4. Reliable and sustainable Electric Power and Energy Systems Management, Roy Billinton, Ajit Kumar Verma, Rajesh Karki, Springer..

# M. Tech. (Power Systems), Semester – II L T P C ELPS224: ENERGY STORAGE AND MANAGEMENT 3 0 0 3

#### 1. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 describe and compare different energy storage technology and their performance
- CO2 model various electrochemical storage devices and develop suitable battery management system
- CO3 identify electrical and magnetic storage systems and their applications
- CO4 explain and illustrate hydrogen and fuel cells
- CO5 classify and analyze thermal and mechanical storage systems
- CO6 design operational strategies for off-grid and on-grid energy storage applications

#### 2. SYLLABUS

#### INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY STORAGE

03 Hours

Relevance and scenario, perspective on development of energy storage systems, energy storage criteria, general concepts, fundamentals and applications, energy storage technologies, Ragone plots, future prospect.

#### ELECTROCHEMICAL ENERGY STORAGE

06 Hours

Battery technologies and different battery chemistry, electrode materials, electrolytes, performance comparison, reaction mechanism, practical parameters, technical characteristics, equivalent circuit, testing, standards and system sizing, battery storage integration.

#### BATTERY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (BMS)

09 Hours

BMS functionality, requirements; State Estimation: definitions and their estimation methods; SOH estimation: predictive SOH models prediction models and remaining useful life estimation; Cell balancing: causes of imbalancing, balancing strategies, charge transfer balancing-design choices, circuits for balancing; thermal management of battery; case study.

#### ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC STORAGE SYSTEMS

08 Hours

Supercapacitors: basics, electrode material, pseudocapacitive energy storage, energy storage devices, electrode materials, electrolytes, reaction mechanism, practical parameters, equivalent circuit, testing, standards and system sizing, balancing circuit, applications and challenges; Magnetic Systems- energy storage in superconducting magnetic systems, superconductive materials, applications.

#### FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN STORAGE

04 Hours

Fuel cell: working, basic components, principle, thermodynamics of fuel cell, types, challenges; Hydrogen storage-hydrogen as an energy vector and basic principles, hydrogen production, strategies for storing energy in hydrogen, applications.

#### THERMAL AND MECHANICAL STORAGE

08 Hours

Basic principle, criteria for TES evaluation, operating characteristics, standards, phase change materials, sensible TES, design and thermal stratification, energy and exergy analyses; Mechanical storage: flywheel, pumped hydropower storage and compressed-air energy storage, comparison and application, principle of operation, function and deployments; case study.

#### ENERGY STORAGE INTEGRATION AND ITS APPLICATION

04 Hours

Energy policy and markets, energy storage planning and operation, application and challenges, case study.

**Total Hours: 42** 

- 1. Robert A. Huggins, "Energy storage", Springer Nature, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2016.
- 2. Christopher D. Rahn, and Chao-Yang Wang, "Battery systems engineering", John Wiley & Sons,

2013.

- 3. Ibrahim Dincer, and Marc A. Rosen, "Thermal energy storage: systems and applications" John Wiley & Sons, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2021.

  4. Gregory L. Plett, "Battery management systems, Volume II: Equivalent-circuit methods", Artech
- House, 2015.

- Phil Weicker, "A systems approach to lithium-ion battery management", Artech house, 2013.
   F. Barnes and J. Levine. "Large energy storage systems", CRC press, 2011.
   Trevor M. Letcher, Richard Law, and David Reay, "Storage energy: with special reference to renewable energy sources" Vol. 86. Amsterdam: Elsevier, 2016.

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ELPS301: SEMINAR	0	0	4	2

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 Identify a complex engineering problems for presentation
- CO2 Comprehend a complex engineering problems
- CO3 Design a documentation on a complex engineering problems
- CO4 Write an effective report
- CO5 Make an effective presentation before engineering community and society at large

#### 2. SYLLABUS

Main components of the seminar will be

- (1) Search a relevant technical topic for seminar from transactions, journals or conference proceedings.
- (2) Prepare a technical report on the seminar topic.
- (3) Present and explain the seminar topic

#### 3. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Materials from transactions, journals or conference proceedings.